13CFLUX2 Fact Sheet

- A complete modeling and data evaluation environment for $^{13}$C-metabolic flux analysis (13C-MFA)
  - A new software based on new ideas: does not share a single line of code with old 13CFLUX
  - Provides highly efficient implementations of the Cumomer and EMU simulation algorithms
  - Flexible description of every possible measurement configuration
  - High performance simulation of isotope labeling experiments
  - A priori (optimal) experimental design for isotope labeling experiments
  - Flux estimation with subsequent detailed statistical analysis
  - Graphical network editor Omix as modeling front-end for editing of metabolic and isotope transition networks as well as measurement specifications (see http://www.13cflux.net/omix)
  - Visualization of results directly on the network drawing using Omix or in MATLAB™

- New high performance algorithms for 13C-MFA
  - Flux analysis for large metabolic network models
  - For typical metabolic network models 10² to 10⁴ times faster than the old 13CFLUX software
  - Optimal choice of simulation method (Cumomer, EMU) depending on measurement specifications
  - Interpreter-based network generator provides fast startup times
  - Topological analysis of network graphs and optimal network reduction
  - Linearized statistical analysis and nonlinear statistical analysis
  - Improved numerical precision (especially for larger networks)
  - Support for SMP machines (parallel parameter fitting)

- FluxML (XML) documents for metabolic and isotope network specification
  - Extensible and more flexible than old FTBL file format
  - Powerful conversion tool FTBL2FluxML to support older 13CFLUX models
  - Free-form constraint equations using MathML or textual notation
  - Built-in support for MS, MS/MS, $^1$H-NMR, $^{13}$C-NMR measurements
  - Support for arbitrary measurement equations using MathML or textual notation (generic measurements)

- Arbitrary precision by symbolic and algebraic methods
  - Symbolic handling and analysis of stoichiometric constraints
  - Export of stoichiometric equations
  - Exact solutions (rational number arithmetic) and symbolic solutions
  - Exact derivatives for faster convergence of gradient-based optimization algorithms
  - Exact parameter sensitivities based on symbolic differentiation
  - Useful for studying numerical error propagation/ analysis of numerical problems

- Advanced optimization toolbox providing different optimization algorithms
  - SQP-, NLP-based optimization
  - Primary optimizer is the advanced ipopt (http://projects.coin-or.org/ipopt)
  - Easily adaptable to commercially available optimization library NAG-C (http://www.nag.co.uk)
  - Stochastic (Monte Carlo) methods

- Interfaces and Visualization
  - Data exchange between applications is established using XML and HDF5 documents
  - All applications support stdin/ stdout operation (i.e. applications act as filters)
  - Well-suited for cluster computing, e.g. by using (MPI-based) wrappers
  - Applications export numerical data as HDF5 files (→ MATLAB™) and CSV (Spreadsheet)
  - FluxML can be imported/ exported by the graphical network editor Omix
  - Symbolic and numerical data can be imported, post-processed and visualized in MATLAB™
  - A fully functional, tailor-made simulator can be exported as MATLAB™script

- Tidy and robust C++/ Python codebase
  - Consists of 130.000+ lines of portable and validated ISO/ ANSI C++
  - Compilable on state-of-the-art Linux and Unix platforms (tested for Ubuntu, Debian, OpenSuSE, Fedora)
  - Important XML conversion tasks are done using Python
  - Revision control/ SCM based on Subversion (http://subversion.apache.org)
  - Build environment based on the GNU build system (autoconf, automake)
  - Comprehensive handling of errors and exceptions, not affecting performance of the production code: built-in automatic debugging, logging, assertions and stack traces

Availability of features depends on version